

RTP type 37
Country of origin:
Probably UK

DATA SUMMARY

Organisation: Believed resistance and later UDBA.
Design/Manufacturer: Probably Yugoslav government in exile during WW2 in the UK.
Year of Introduction: Estimated late World War 2.
Purpose: Agents.
Receiver:
Circuit features: TRF with reaction control and 2xAF amplifier. AM R/T and CW.
Frequency Coverage: 3.1-6.5MHz.
Aerial: 2-5m wire.
Transmitter:
Circuit features: CO/RF output amplifier. CW only.
Frequency Coverage: 3-8MHz.
Aerial: 10-20m wire.
Power Supply: 170-250V AC mains; 170-250V AC or 6V battery, depending on version.
Valves: 6AQ5 (transmitter); 6AU6, 6J6 (receiver); 6X4.
Size (cm):

	Height	Length	Width	Weight
Transmitter/rec.	115	71	45	390
Power Unit	72	71	38	560
Accessories box	150	87	36	520

Accessories: See photo right and list on next page.

Remarks

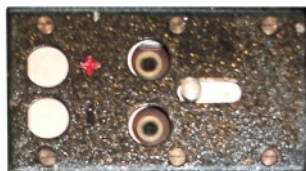
Radiostanice RTP tip 37 (Radiostation RTP type 37) was an agents set used in Yugoslavia. It was probably made in World War 2 by the Yugoslav government in exile for local communication* by resistance groups in Yugoslavia and believed later by the UDBA.

* Considering the relative low power of the transmitter it was unsuitable for reliable contact to London.

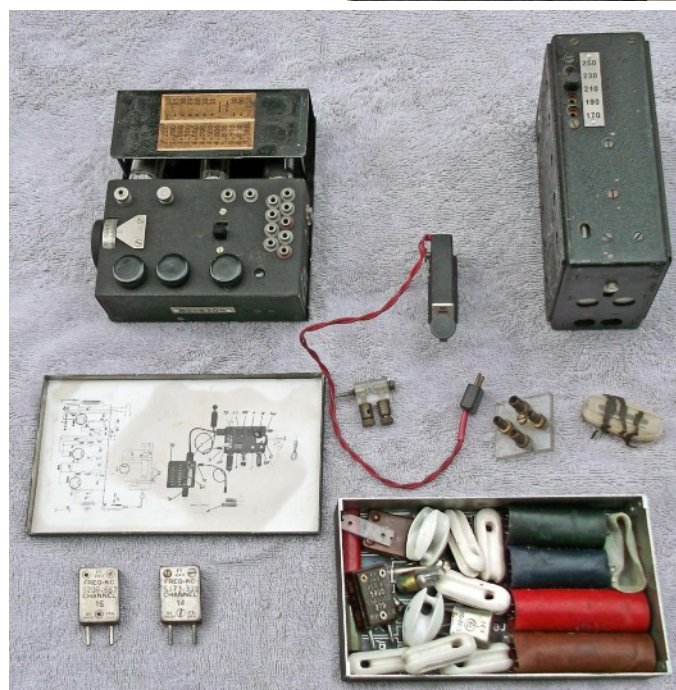
The type number plate on the actual transmitter receiver reads RT-3704, but in the user instructions only 'RTP type 37' was mentioned. (Right)



Power Unit version 2 was suitable to be powered from AC mains or a 6V accumulator. To avoid damage from wrong insertion, the socket not in use was blinded.
 DC power socket above and AC power socket below.



Overview of Radio station RTP type 37 with Power Unit version 2 and accessories in metal box. (Right)



References:

- Photographs, scans of the original operator instructions, and general technical information of a RTP type 37 held in the collection of the Museeradiomili was kindly provided by Patrick Giraud, F4SMX, France. (www.museeradiomili.com)

